

The electric settlement cell comprises a relative pressure sensor that is loaded with a water-glycol mixture or, upon requirement, with silicone oil via a plastic double line. The sensor measures the hydrostatic pressure in comparison with a reference point that is installed outside the settling area. These double lines are designed as a continuous ring for subsequent filling. Any occurring settlement causes a change of position of the sensor which in turn causes a change in pressure of this fluid (difference between central unit and cell) which is then measured. Design and structure of the cell can be optionally changed upon customer requirements. The figure shows a standard unit with a 30x30cm stainless steel plate for installation in a fill or embankment. The available versions of the cells are listed in the table below.

Technical data:		
Dimensions:	30x30x5 mm	
Weight:	1,8 kg	
Material:	V4A 1.4571	
Protection classification:	ation: IP 68	
Overload protection of the measuring area:	50 %	
Linearity, including hysteresis:	± 0.5% of final value	
Linearity, including hysteresis, opt.:	± 0.1% of final value	
Resolution:	± 0.02%*1 of final value	
Thermal zero shift:	<0.02%/°C*1	
Sensor-specific specifications		
Temperature range:	From -20 to +80°C	
Current consumption:	Pulse excitation	
Operating frequency:	2kHz - 3.3 kHz	
Supply, pulse triggering:	60 V	
Option ex. protection*2:	EEx ib IIB T4	
	EEx ib IIB BTI	
*1 Deviation during operation at high temperatures upon request		

- *2 For Ex versions the cable data must be considered

Measuring ranges			
Measuring range	Water column	Accuracy	
0 to 0.6 bar	6 m	±10mm	
0 to 1.0 bar	10m	±15mm	
0 to 2.0 bar	20m	±50mm	

Design variants

- Pressure sensor with vibrating wire technology LVW
- KE pressure sensor, piezo-resistive, 4-wire system
- KO pressure sensor, piezo-resistive as before, with integrated amplifier and optionally with temperature sensor
- Pressure sensor with vibrating wire technology VW



